# Advantages / Disadvantages of the British & Americans During the American Revolution

#### **BRITISH**

| Advantages                                                  | Disadvantages                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| - British army was well trained & well equipped -           | -Battlefront was 3000 miles away. Reinforcements could not be sent quickly |
| -Navy was strong                                            | -Orders from London often took                                             |
| -Hessian mercenaries                                        | months to reach the colonies                                               |
| -Wealthiest country in the world                            | - Not everyone in Parliament supported the idea of the war                 |
| - Financial & manufacturing means to supply the army / navy | (Some Whigs sympathized with the colonists)                                |
|                                                             |                                                                            |
|                                                             |                                                                            |

#### **AMERICAN COLONISTS**

| Advantages                                                                                                                                                  | Disadvantages                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| -The colonists were fighting on<br>their "home soil" – they knew the<br>land and could use guerrilla<br>tactics                                             | <ul> <li>Badly equipped</li> <li>Poorly trained</li> <li>Constant turnover within the ranks due to short enlistment period (1 year)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| -Committed to the cause – fighting for their independence  - After Saratoga, Spanish & French aid to the colonial cause (training, money, troops, supplies) | <ul> <li>Local militia would often disappear during harvest / planting seasons</li> <li>American soldiers were not used to taking orders</li> <li>Lacked wealth – 2<sup>nd</sup> CC had difficulty raising money to pay troops / purchase supplies</li> <li>Military supplies had to be purchased and brought in from other countries</li> </ul> |

### **British Strategy**

mercenaries as well

American troops could not withstand a full-on war with the professional troops of the British Army
Britain also sent thousands of Hessian (Germany)

Use same tactics as other major [European] land wars - capture major cities.

Quick, decisive victories over American troops without suffering many casualties themselves

A clear-cut military victory would automatically mean that the colonists would go back to supporting British rule

## Error in British Thinking – THE BRITISH DID NOT ACCOUNT FOR THE FOLLOWING...

- 1. American commitment to the cause (willing to fight & die for Independence)
- American colonies were thousands of miles away (across the Atlantic) and very spread out - capturing major cities did not affect most colonists' lives
- 3. A military victory did not guarantee a political victory