INDENTURED SERVITUDE & SLAVERY IN THE 13 ENGLISH COLONIES

American Studies
Unit 2
2011 - 2012

INDENTURED SERVITUDE

Defined:

A system of labor in which a person received free passage to North America in exchange for working without pay for a certain number of years. (upon completion of their service, the colonist was free of debt and often given a small parcel of land)

SLAVERY

Defined:

A system of forced labor in which a person is held against their free will to do work for their "master" or "owner"

WHY DID THE SOUTHERN COLONIES NEED LARGE QUANTITIES OF LABOR?

- The economy of the Southern Colonie swas based on PLANTATION AGRICULTURE, which requires giant plots of land to grow large quantities of cash crops.
- A large supply of cheap labor is necessary for plantation agriculture to be profitable

HOW DID THE USE OF INDENTURED SERVITUDE EVENTUALLY LEAD TO THE IMPORTATION OF SLAVES FROM AFRICA & THE WEST INDIES?

As Indentured Servants' contracts expired, there was still a need for large numbers of cheap labor. Slavery was the answer

CHARACTERISTICS OF INDENTURED SERVITUDE

- Contract Labor
- Worked for 4 to 7 years
- Worked for free passage to North America
- Voluntary

CHARACTERISTICS OF SLAVERY

- Forced labor
- Lifelong
- Involuntary
- Bondage
- Harsh treatment

CHARACTERISTICS OF SHARED BY BOTH INDENTURED SERVITUDE & SLAVERY

- Hard, physical work
- Worked for other people
- Agriculture-based work