

Name:

American Studies
 Unit VIII: The Civil War
 C16§1 Worksheet

Date:

The War Begins

Chapter 16 Section § 1 pp. 510-515

Lincoln's Inaugural, March 1861

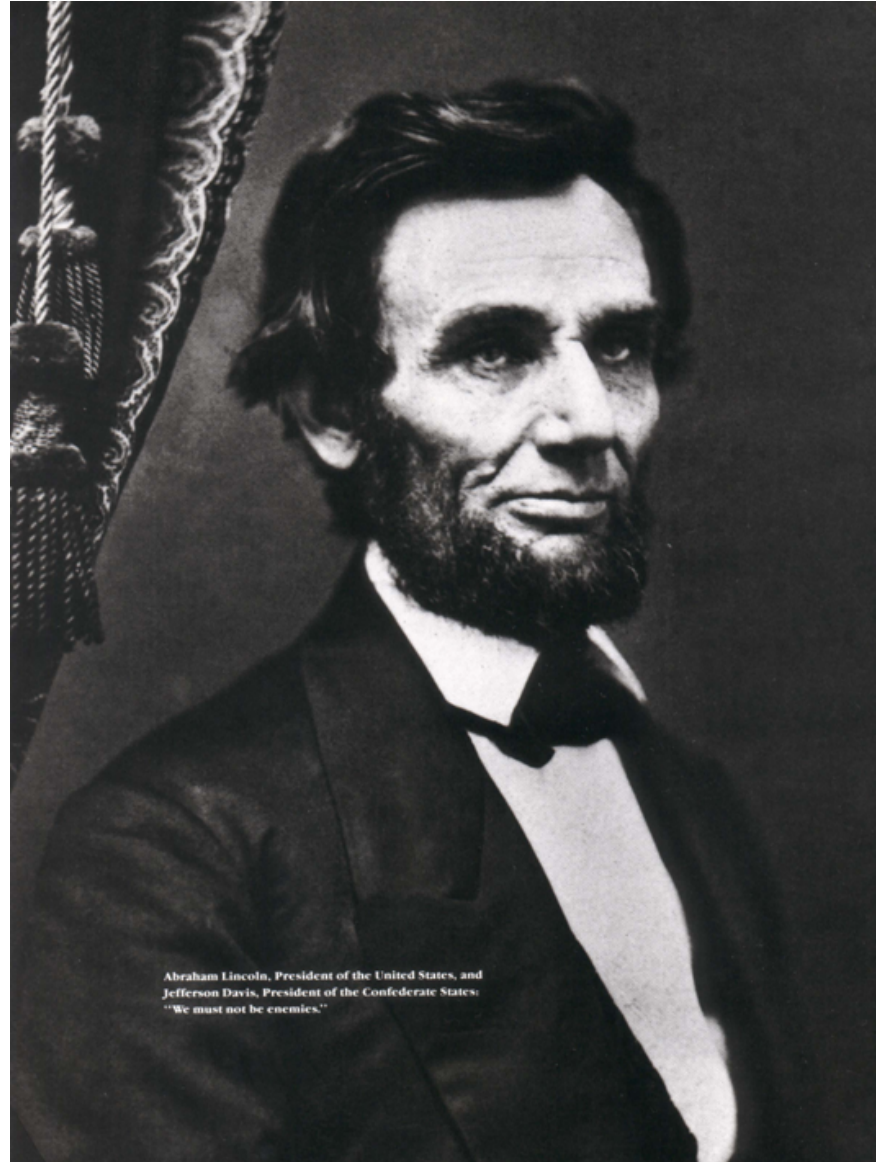
Lincoln's First Inaugural Address

**Position on
 Slavery**

Promised not to touch slavery "Where it existed."

**Position on
 the Union and
 Secession**

"You (South) can have no conflict" unless you start it.
 The Union could not be broken up.
 He would defend Federal property and enforce Federal laws.



"We must not be enemies." -A. Lincoln



Gen. P.G.T. Beauregard, CSA
West Pointer, Commander of SC forces at Charleston



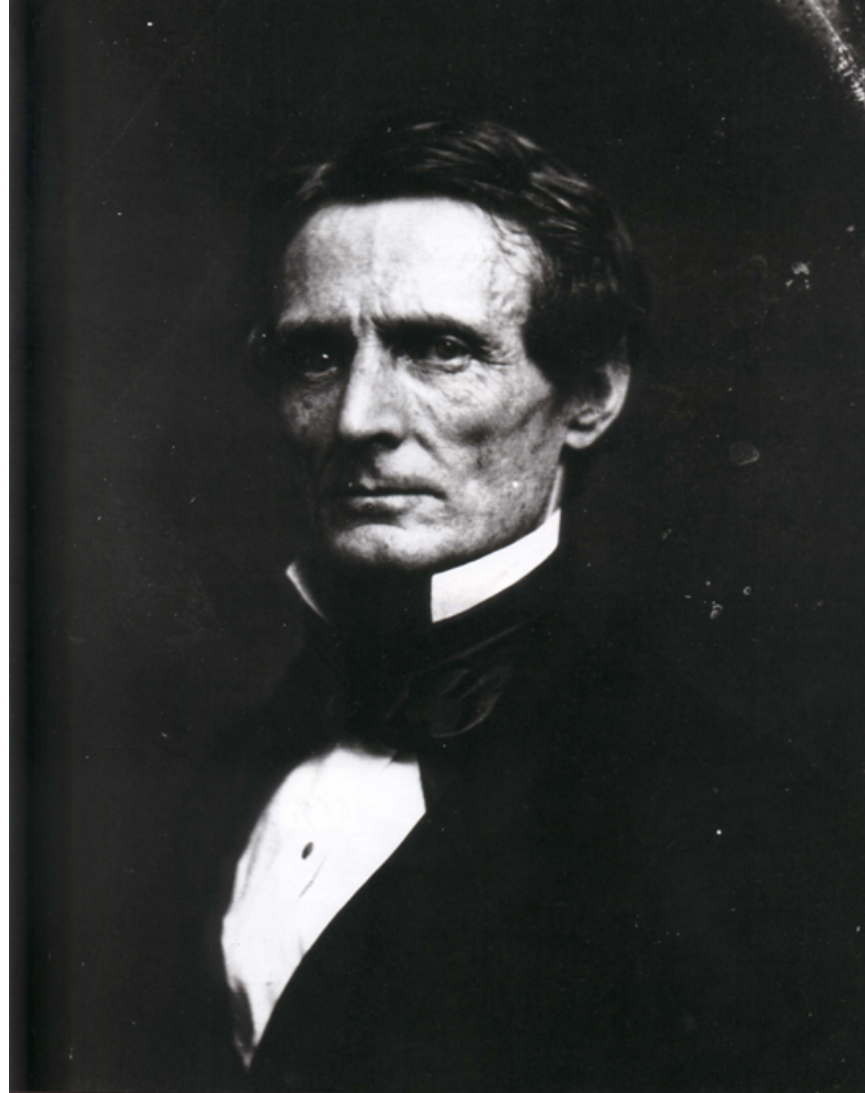
Major John Anderson, USA
Commander of Fort Sumter in Charleston
Harbor, SC

The Sumter Crisis, April 1861

What and where was Fort Sumter?	Federal fort in Charleston, SC harbor. One of the last pieces of Federal property still being held by Federal forces when Lincoln took office.
What was the problem?	The fort was surrounded by Confederate forces and would soon run out of supplies. Also, SC forces had demanded that <i>Fort Sumter</i> surrender.
What happened at Sumter?	SC (Confederate) forces under the command of Gen. P.G.T. Beauregard fired on the fort on April 12, 1861.
What was Lincoln's Response?	Lincoln declared the South to be in rebellion and called on the Governors of the states to raise 75,000 volunteers to put down the rebellion.
What was the South's Response to Lincoln?	Four states of the Upper South (VA, NC, TN, AR) joined the seven Deep South states in the Confederacy and rebellion.



Fort Sumter after the bombardment and surrender.
April 12, 1861



Jefferson Davis, President of the CSA, West Pointer,
former army officer in Mexico, Secy. of War, Mississippi
Senator

ATTENTION, TO SAVE YOUR BOUNTY!
SECOND REGIMENT
EMPIRE BRIGADE!
Col. F. J. CLAASSEN, Commanding.
FIRST REGIMENT IN THE FIELD UNDER THE NEW CALL.

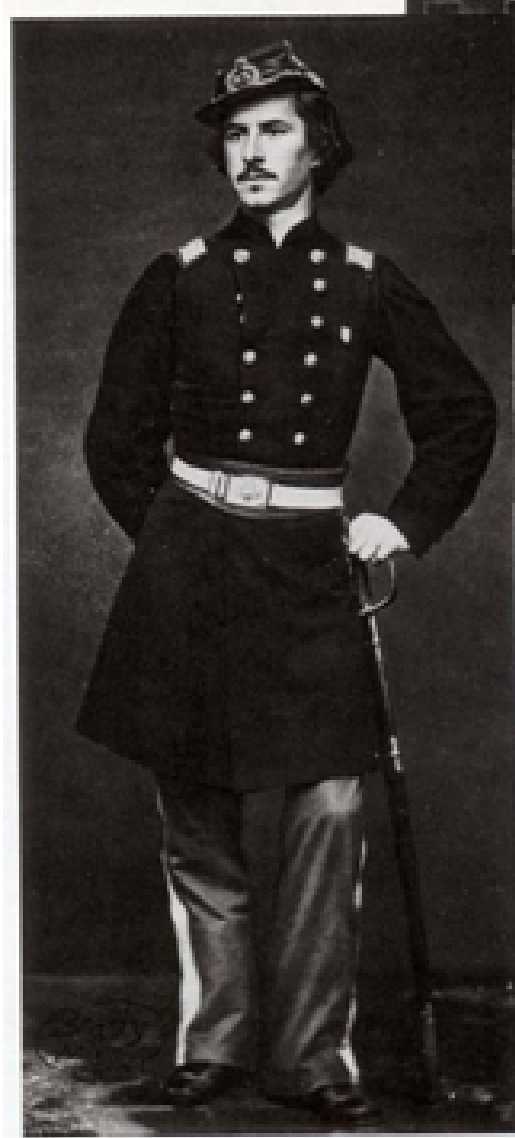


WANTED, 25 MEN
Between the ages of 20 and 45 years, to fill up one of the best Companies now forming, under officers who have been active service.
Clothing, Subsistence and Comfortable Quarters provided on enlistment.
PAY FROM \$13 TO \$23 PER MONTH,
TO DATE FROM DAY OF ENLISTMENT.
\$50 BOUNTY GIVEN BY THE STATE.
\$25 BOUNTY GIVEN BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.
TO BE PAID AS SOON AS RETURNED INTO SERVICE.
\$100 BOUNTY WHEN THE WAR IS OVER!
It is intended to make this one of the best Companies in the Brigade or service, and no labor will be spared to do so. The Officers are experienced men, having been over one year in one of the First Regiments in the service.
CAPTAIN J. H. STINER, CHIEF OF

New York State recruiting Poster in response to Lincoln's call for 75,000 volunteers to put down the rebellion.



Confederate Volunteer



Union Volunteer

Advantages & Disadvantages in the Civil War		
North	South	Category
22 million 3:1 manpower advantage	5.5 million whites 3.5 million slaves	Manpower
Many Industries Strong Banks Abundant Food	Hardly any factories or banks Food shortage due to one crop economy	Industry
22,000 miles of track Standard Gauge	9,000 miles of track Many Gauges only (2) East- West lines	Railroads
Established government Lincoln	Everything was new States' Rights made cooperation diff. Davis	Political Leadership
Established army & navy Took a long time to find good leaders	Southern Military Tradition Superb leaders	Military Leadership
England and France were rivals	"King Cotton" diplomacy Real hope of European help	Diplomacy
Must "win" the war Must conquer the South	Defensive Interior lines	Military Goals
4.6 million tons of shipping Established Navy	290,000 tons of shipping Not one ship in navy	Naval Strength



General Winfield Scott, USA General since the War of 1812, Commanding General in the Mexican War, Presidential Candidate
He drew up the Anaconda Plan to defeat the South.



Strategies	
North (Union)	South (Confederates)
Anaconda Plan Blockade Take Mississippi R. Cut the South in two Divide and Conquer	Wear the North down Inflict costly defeats Get European help Hang on until the North gives up

